

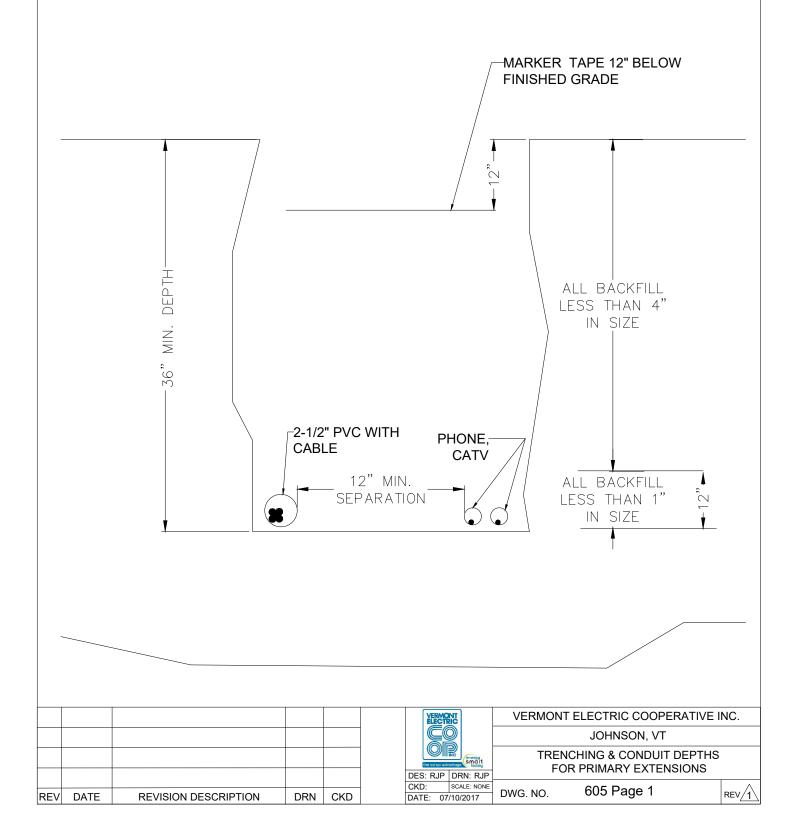
#### NOTES:

- 1. VAULT SHALL BE INSTALLED IN WELL TAMPED OR UNDISTURBED EARTH.
- 2. ALL AREAS, SECTIONALIZING CABINET MAY BE INSTALLED ABOVE WATER TABLE WITH SUITABLE BERM CONSTRUCTED WITH SLOPE NOT EXCEEDING 30°.
- 3. LEAVE 10' EXTENSION OF #4 COPPER GROUND WIRE INSIDE VAULT.
- 4. VAULTS SHALL BE HIGHLINE MODEL #HL-48 OR NORDIC GS-37-43-32A-CE-2. COVERS TO BE EQUIPPED WITH PENTA-HEAD BOLTS
- 5. GRADUALLY TAPER THE DITCH BOTTOM UPWARDS TO THE EDGE OF THE VAULT. NOTE: NO 90° SWEEPS INTO THE VAULT.
- 6. FOR INSTALLATIONS WHERE THE TAKEOFF POLE IS LOWER IN ELEVATION THAN ANY VAULTS TO BE INSTALLED, THE MEMBER WILL BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH AND INSTALL A VAULT AT THE BOTTOM OF THE TAKEOFF POLE FOR ADEQUATE DRAINAGE

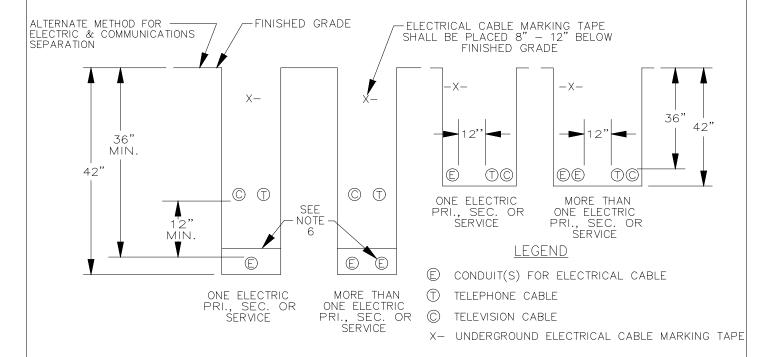
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# TRENCHING & CONDUIT DEPTHS FOR PRIMARY EXTENSIONS

NOTE: ALL BACKFILL MATERIAL MUST BE OF A UNTREATED NATURE. NO SALT OR OTHER CHEMICALS ARE ALLOWED NO FROZEN BACKFILL CAN BE USED.



### TYPICAL TRENCH CROSS SECTION U.G. CABLE IN CONDUIT



#### NOTES:

- 1. ALL TRENCHES AND ELECTRICAL CONDUIT(S) REQUIRE APPROVAL BY A VEC INSPECTOR BEFORE BACKFILLING.
  2. ALL TRENCHES SHALL BE 18 INCH MINIMUM WIDTH. THE CONDUIT SHALL BE EMBEDDED IN UNFROZEN SAND
  OR FINE GRAVEL, THAT WILL PASS A 1 INCH MESH. THIS MATERIAL SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 4 INCHES THICK
  ON ALL SIDES OF THE CONDUIT. THE REMAINDER OF THE BACKFILL SHALL BE CLEAN, AND, SHALL NOT CONTAIN ROCKS LARGER THAN 4 INCHES IN ANY DIMENSION. CAREFULLY COMPACT THE FULL DEPTH OF BACKFILL, UNDER TRAVELLED WAYS AND PARKING LOTS. THE MINIMUM DEPTH, UNDER A HIGHWAY, SHALL BE 48 INCHES RATHER THAN 36 INCHES. MOUNDING THE TRENCH, TO PROVIDE THE REQUIRED DEPTH, IS NOT ALLOWED.
- 3. CONDUIT SHALL BE ENCASED IN A 4 INCH ENVELOPE OF CONCRETE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:
  - A) BROOK CROSSINGS.
  - B) CROSSINGS OF WATER, SEWER, AND GAS PIPELINES. CROSSINGS SHALL BE DONE AT NINETY DEGREES IF POSSIBLE. NORMALLY, THE ELECTRICAL CONDUIT SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES ABOVE THE PIPE. CAREFULLY COMPACT THE FILL BELOW THE ELECTRICAL CONDUIT. CONCRETE ENCASEMENT IS REQUIRED FOR 10 FEET ON EACH SIDE OF THE PIPE.

    C) UNDER THE TRAVELLED WAY OF CITY STREETS, AND, UNDER TOWN HIGHWAYS, IF REQUIRED BY THE
  - TOWN. A PIPE SLEEVE, SURROUNDING THE CONDUIT, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED.
  - D) CONDUITS WITHIN 20 FEET OF TANKS CONTAINING FUELS, OR SOLVENTS. T OR BELOW GRADE. THIS REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY TO URD SERVICES. THESE TANKS MAY BE ABOVE
- 4. TRENCHES SHOULD BE LOCATED 10 FEET FROM ANY STRUCTURE, UNLESS THE CONDUIT IS GOING TO THE STRUCTURE. CONTACT VEC IF CLOSER APPROACHES ARE NECESSARY.
- 5. TRENCHES SHOULD BE LOCATED 10 FEET FROM ANY WATER, SEWER, OR GAS PIPELINE THAT PARALLELS THE CONDUIT. CONTACT VEC IF CLOSER APPROACHES ARE NECESSARY.
- 6. COMMUNICATIONS CABLES AND CONDUITS MAY BE LOCATED IN THE SAME TRENCH WITH ELECTRIC CABLES OR CONDUITS. A MINIMUM HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL SEPARATION OF 12 INCHES IS REQUIRED. ELECTRICAL CONDUITS SHALL BE SEPARATED BY 4 INCHES. THESE DISTANCES ARE MEASURED SURFACE-TO-SURFACE, NOT CENTER-TO-CENTER.
- 7. DEPTHS SHALLOWER THAN 36 INCHES MAY BE ALLOWED WHERE OBSTRUCTIONS SUCH AS LEDGE ARE ENCOUNTERED. ANY PORTION OF THE CONDUIT SHALLOWER THAN 24 INCHES SHALL BE COVERED WITH A MINIMUM 2 INCH CONCRETE CAP. SEE THE UTILITY FOR DEPTHS SHALLOWER THAN 12 INCHES.

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#### CLEARANCE AREA AROUND A PAD MOUNT TRANSFORMER OR VAULT

Many buildings are located in developments, or on sites with underground electrical utilities. While the underground services eliminate unattractive overhead pole lines, cabling and transformers, the installation of utility company transformers presents challenges of a different sort.

Utility company transformers are large, generally green in color, and can range from a small box (3'W X 3'D X 2'H) in a residential neighborhood, to a large enclosure with the oil-filled cooling fins (7'W X 7'D X 6'H) on a large pre-concrete base. Often for aesthetic reasons the transformers are located remote from the building, but due to the costs associated with the secondary conductors, a transformer may be mounted close to a building.

This article will define some of the requirements for clearances around a transformer, as well requirements for protecting a transformer from vehicular traffic.

Adjacent to buildings, transformers must generally be located in accordance with the following requirements. First, a transformer must be installed with the front (doors) facing away from buildings, with no balconies or overhangs above. The transformer must be accessible to line trucks (size and weight similar to a cement truck), for maintenance or replacement. Generally, a transformer located near a building requires a 4ft clearance from the building vertical surfaces, assuming no windows from grade to 18'. The sides of the transformer must be clear of all objects (including landscaping) for 4ft, and the transformer should be located 10ft horizontally from doors, windows or fire hydrants. The front (door side) of the transformer shall have a clearance of 10ft so that line crews can safely perform maintenance or repairs on the equipment. This required clearances includes landscaping. When encountering landscaping during emergency repairs, the utility can remove the landscaping (not very gently) or leave and await notification that the offending vegetation has been removed. During routine maintenance, the utility will not attempt to work on the transformer until the landscaping has been removed.



## **ACCEPTABLE**



ACCEPTABLE





NOT ACCEPTABLE

NOT ACCEPTABLE



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JOHNSON, VT					

CLEARANCE AREA AROUND A

PAD MOUNT TRANSFORMER OR VAULT

DWG. NO. 012

# UNDERGROUND SERVICE - PRIMARY

#### Notes:

- 1. All wiring and materials shall conform to the requirements of the National Electric Code (NEC) and to any applicable local codes. Where conflict exists the more stringent code will apply. For member owned equipment, any requirements in excess of code specified minimums, are recommended not required.
- 2. The location of the conduit risers and the meter socket will be designated by a VEC representative. Any relocation shall be approved by a VEC representative.
- 3. All trenching and back filling shall be provided by the customer. If ledge is encountered the customer shall do the blasting or whatever means is necessary to remove the ledge to the required trench depth.
- 4. Depths shallower than 36" may be allowed where obstructions such as ledge are encountered. Any portion of conduit shallower than 24" shall be covered by a minimum of 6" concrete cap.
- 5. The bottom of all trenching shall be of uniform pitch and not undulation.
- 6. Unfrozen sand or fine gravel that will pass through a 1" mesh screen shall be used to form a 4" cushion on all sides of the conduit. The balance of the trench may be random-fill with no stones greater than 4" in dimension. No foreign materials such as wood, glass, etc. shall be in back-fill.
- 7. Marking tape shall be provided by the utility for both primary and secondary services. The tape shall be left at the site when the trench is inspected and is to be buried by the customer at the depth of 8 to 12 inches below final grade. Type USE cable shall be marked or listed sunlight resistant.
- 8. On private roads, driveways, or public roadways: the underground cable shall normally be installed within a 10' strip outside and adjacent to the road right of way.
- 9. All vault locations must be accessible to utility vehicles.
- 10. Vaults must be installed in tamped or undisturbed earth covered with 12" of crushed stone that will pass through a 1 1/4" mesh screen
- 11. The vaults must be installed level with approximately 4" rising above finish grade
- 12. In wet locations the vault must be installed above the water table.
- 13. When possible, the vault must have a 4" perforated drain line extending to the surface.
- 14. The primary service conduits must enter the vault as straight as possible and by using the holes on the long end of the vault
- 15. The pre-cast or poured on-site concrete base for 3-phase pad mounted electrical equipment shall be supplied and installed by the customer in accordance with specification provided by VEC
- 16. On 3-phase pad mounted electrical equipment the primary conduit enters on the left and the secondary conduit enters on the right; facing the unit
- 17. To facilitate the conductor pulling the conduit should not extend inside the vault more than 6 inches.
- 18. The customer shall leave a pull rope in the conduit to assist pulling in the cable. The rope shall have a minimum pulling strength of **500 pounds** for all cable sizes.
- 19. The utility shall specify the type, size and composition of the electrical conduit to be used.
- 20. All vertical 90-degree bends shall have 36" radius
- 21. All primary 90-degree bend elbows shall be IMC steel.
- 22. All steel conduit within 18 inches of surface must be bonded. Any steel conduit that terminates inside a vault must have ground bonding bushes.
- 23. Schedule-40 and Schedule-80 PVC shall not be mixed in a conduit run within the trench. The conduits have the same outside diameters; however, the inside diameters differ which could cause cable insulation damage.
- 24. A grounding grid shall be placed around all primary vaults. The wire shall be #4 copper, buried to a depth of 6 to 12 inches around the entire vault and attached to the two ground rods driven outside the vault
- 25. The grounding electrode conductor, to a driven ground, shall be a minimum of #6 copper. The conductor shall be adequately protected. The driven grounds shown shall be a minimum of 5/8" in diameter and 8' long
- 26. The utility must be notified at least 24 hours prior to back filling in order to have an inspector on site. The VEC filed representative <u>must inspect</u> the trench depth, conduit installation, back fill material, and equipment supports before back filling can be done.
- 27. Any steel conduit within 18" of the surface shall be bonded. Steel conduit is not required.
- 28. Any construction, at the pole, above ground level, shall be done by VEC. Exception: The member may install that portion of their equipment that can be reached while standing on the ground. Any trench near the base of

# UNDERGROUND SERVICE - PRIMARY

- the pole shall be immediately backfilled and properly tamped.
- 29. Locate the riser conduit on the quarter of the pole away from normal traffic.
- 30. URD Service Risers, from a pole-mounted three-phase transformer bank, shall be limited to an 800 amp rating. Larger services shall be supplied by a padmounted transformer.
- 31. Generally, a transformer located near a building requires a 4ft clearance from the building vertical surfaces, assuming no windows from grade to 18'. The sides of the transformer must be clear of all objects (including landscaping) for 4ft, and the transformer should be located 10ft horizontally from doors, windows or fire hydrants. The front (door side) of the transformer shall have a clearance of 10ft so that line crews can safely perform maintenance or repairs on the equipment. This required clearance includes landscaping.

## **Directional Boring**

- 1. If directional boring is utilized the conduit utilized shall be of consistent width and schedule from riser to vault or vault to vault.
- 2. A bore log will be requested and reviewed by a VEC representative to ensure proper burial depth.
- 3. To avoid confusion only black, red, or black with red continuous stripe conduit will be permitted.
- 4. Couplings shall be rated for electrical systems, provide an adequate mechanical connection and provide a smooth inside transition.
- 5. A vault shall be required where there is a change in internal diameter of the conduit or if specified by a VEC representative.